

EMPHATIC ORDER FOR CLEANER CITY

Board of Health Takes
the Bull by the
Horns.

FISHMARKET SCREENS

Kewalo Must Be Filled
In—Stop Iwilei
Nuisance.

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)

Several days of thorough and rapid inspection on the part of the board of health ended yesterday with a sudden explosion of orders which will do more for the health of the city than the legislation of the past two years. The fishmarket has been ordered screened, and the stall tenants will be ejected in ten days if this is not done. Low lying Kewalo has been ordered filled in, or the property will be sold under the auctioneer's hammer to pay the Territory its expenses in carrying out its own orders. The board of supervisors has been requested to pass a police ordinance, with no politics and no strings attached. They have the knowledge that two legislative health committees are prepared to make it a territorial law if they don't make it a city ordinance. The great pineapple dump at Iwilei is ordered removed. The board doesn't care where. And the city is to be cleaned at last. The orders may be just beginning.

One blow of the executive knife yesterday cut the twisted miles upon miles of red tape which have hampered the growth of the old Honolulu into a better Honolulu, resulting in stern and definite orders for the cleaning of the city, throwing down the faintest claim of politics or interest for the sake of the health and benefit of the unheard majority.

For the entire afternoon and a good part of the morning yesterday the board of health was in session on wheels, correcting in one day as many evils as the city and county have overlooked in a year, and practically returned an indictment against municipal negligence by ordering the very things done which the supervisors, and particularly the old supervisors, timidly attempted and as hastily withdrew from.

The first step which was taken was to order the screening of the fishmarket at once. An order is now being drawn which will be formally passed in its official dress today. It gives the stallkeepers ten days to screen their stalls effectively from the flies and dust.

The paid attorneys who talked the old supervisors out of the fly-screen, protected-food ordinance were not even consulted this time, and, adding insult to injury, the board has incorporated in its order that portion of the unfortunate ordinance relating to flies.

There are no quibbles as to how and why it should be done, or apologies for doing it. The matter of glass cases or mosquito bar screens was not even talked about. The order merely says, in effect, "Screen your stalls and keep the flies out and the dust out and the germs out," and screened they will be or the tenant will be ejected at the end of ten days, and stay ejected until he makes his peace with this new order of things.

Resurrected!

Hard as this order hits the Chinese stallkeepers, the testimony of the stallkeepers themselves being warrant for the statement, they are not the only ones to suffer by this new activity of capable officers and a vitalized board of health. The property owners of Kewalo, many of whom derive tenement rents from the partially reclaimed land of the district, have been ordered, without further parley, to "fill it in."

Acting under the powers bestowed by chapter 83 of the Revised Laws, that long-forgotten but important territorial law, the board of health has merely ordered it done, referred it to the superintendent of public works to see that it is done. If the property owners don't do it, he will do it for them, under the direction of the board, and charge it up to them. If they don't pay then, their property will be sold and the Territory will take its expenses out of the proceeds. There is no quibbling about this chapter. It does not recognize party and does not know a Home Ruler from a fusion candidate, or a Makiki millionaire owner from a fee-simple pauper.

Mackall Objects.

Dr. Bruce McV. Mackall has stated that he wishes to go on record against the action of the board of health, particularly in regard to its screening order for the fishmarket. He states that he does not believe in such an order being promulgated except through a proper ordinance.

The fact that the board of health attempted forcibly to after a well-drawn and comprehensive law had been offered to the old supervisors and ignominiously killed and after the new city government had promised to take it up again and then got in a road department imbroglio and forgot about it, weakens the city physician's protest.

The screening ordinance, which Food Commissioner Blanchard, a board of health officer, largely suggested, will go

CRUISEERS COMING WITH BATTLESHIPS

REPORTED THAT LOCAL WATERS
WILL BE SCENE OF FLEET
MANEUVERS.

Among local service people there is a well-defined rumor that not only will the cruiser squadron of the Pacific fleet be sent here early this fall for maneuvers, but that one or two battleships will accompany them.

Magdalena Bay has been abandoned as maneuvering waters for the Pacific fleet, and the only maneuvers which have so far been designated for the warships at present are a series of speed trials along the Coast between San Francisco and Puget Sound.

There is a feeling among service people that Hawaiian waters will be selected for the next general naval maneuvers and that the cruisers will this year be augmented by battleships. Whether or not target practice will be held here is problematical, but this feature of the sea duty is also quite likely.

It is stated here that the fleet maneuvers, if held in Hawaiian waters, will have more than usual interest, for by that time the fire control at Diamond Head will have been entirely completed and in readiness for any service to which it may be put in connection with the use of the mortars at Fort Ruger, the smaller caliber guns at Fort Armstrong and the big twelve-inch guns of Fort Kamehameha at Pearl Harbor.

The use of these guns, with the fire control, would be related to naval maneuvers only in case of the rumored joint maneuvers of army and navy were actually ordered. Army and navy officers state that the waters of Hawaii and the series of fortifications along the coast of Oahu present an ideal condition for joint maneuvers. Searchlights have been installed at Diamond Head and are practically ready for use. The fire control connects up with all the Fort Ruger guns, and the mortars, which have been in the hands of mechanics for the past year, are now ready for proving. This latter test will be done next week, in all probability, as Captain Platt, ordinance department, will arrive here on the transport Logan to inspect and prove them, and this means that they will be discharged and pronounced ready for action, unless, as in a former trial, some mechanical defects are found.

The twelve-inch guns at Pearl Harbor have been mounted for more than a year and are ready for testing. They will be ready for actual use this fall, although there is no provision for manning the batteries. The mine planting station is being prepared at Fort Armstrong.

With all these accessories of the army ready for use, the rumor of joint army and navy maneuvers is more defined than ever.

RHEUMATIC PAINS.

When you have rheumatism in your foot or instep apply Chamberlain's Pain Balm and you will get quick relief. It costs but a trifle. Why suffer? For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

into effect in spite of supervisors and city governments and numerous other things that were all lost in the shuffle yesterday.

Poi Not Forgotten.

A request was presented to the board of supervisors last night to pass a poi regulating ordinance. The board of health stands ready to supply it with all the necessary data, the standards that should be set, which have been prepared after several months of quiet work and experiment, and any other features that might be required.

There wasn't very much space taken up in the request and there wasn't very much flowery diction wasted on it. Neither was there in the Kewalo filling order or the fishmarket order. The board of health, in the latter case merely took cognizance of the fact that it had stepped into the control of the fishmarket, flushed it and scrubbed it until it was as clean as a lady's parlor and ordered it kept clean.

A poi ordinance will probably be presented to the supervisors before very long by its health committee and unless some other road supervisor has to have another clerk, it will probably be rushed through.

Able Assistance.

The sanitary committee of the board of supervisors, chaired by "Hana-waka" Kruger, has been taking great interest in the board of health meetings, and has frequently been represented in full, but always represented anywhere, at the board meetings, although the health department of the city, owing to press of business, was not always there.

Kruger and his associates are therefore well acquainted with what the board of health is doing, what it wants done and how it is going to do it and stand ready to assist it in any way in which the city can.

Other Plague Spots.

Neither Kewalo, nor the fishmarket, nor poi is taking up all the interest of the board of health but its members have adopted a "fighting" mood, to all appearances, and are jumping on every unsanitary feature that they can discover.

The great pineapple dump in the Hawaiian Pineapple Company's yard was one of the first unsanitary things to be ordered removed by the board, acting on powers specifically bestowed upon it by law.

Dr. Carl Ramus, chief quarantine officer of the port, declares this dump one of the worst places in the city and a constant menace. Should it once become infected, Ramus claims, the board will have on its hands the hardest task it has encountered yet.

Kalihi and Palama have been inspected and the board is now thoroughly acquainted with the condition of the city. What will happen next remains to be seen and the responsible residents hope that the present energy will not diminish until the end of the good work has been reached and the medical officers of the Territory have done the last they could to make the city what its promotion officers claim for it.

LATEST SCHEME FOR A RAILROAD

CONGRESS TO BE ASKED TO LET
TERRITORY GUARANTEE
INTEREST.

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)

Boosting a scheme to help the building of railways somewhere in the Territory, a concurrent resolution was introduced in both senate and house of representatives yesterday to have the United States congress authorize the Territory to guarantee the payment of interest on bonds up to \$5,000,000 at four per cent, or \$120,000 a year.

The law which congress is asked to pass, to permit of this being done, provides that the Territory be empowered to enter into a contract with "any" railroad company organized to construct and operate any railroad, whereby it shall guarantee the interest, as stated, on bonds to be issued by the company.

Then the proposed law goes into the details of the manner in which this is to be done, and stating the safeguards to the bonds and the Territory. The law will state that all payments made under any such guaranty shall be a lien upon the railway and its property, subject to the mortgage to secure the bonds the interest upon which shall have been guaranteed, and the total sum paid under such guaranty shall at the expiration thereof be payable to the Territory upon demand, and in default of such payment the lien shall immediately be foreclosable.

For the further security of the Territory, the Governor shall declare the proper rules for ascertaining the cash capital actually invested and shall provide for the supervision by the Territory of the conduct of the finances of the road, its location, construction, operation and maintenance. Also the Governor shall appoint two members of the board of directors.

"Each" railroad company is to make such reports as to its receipts and expenditures as may be prescribed by law, and the supreme court shall have original and exclusive jurisdiction in all actions or proceedings brought by the Territory.

The resolution was introduced in the house by Representative Makela, and it was referred to the committee on internal improvements.

KNOCK FREE HOUSES OUT IN ONE ROUND

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)

The scheme to provide nice comfortable homes for homesteaders at the expense of the Territory received a knockout blow in the house yesterday when the committee on agriculture recommended that the bill be tabled, and this was what happened to it in a hurry.

The report of the committee, which explains the purpose of the bill, also gives the reasons for the recommendation to bury it. As the matter is one of interest to homesteaders of all brands, it is given in part as follows:

"This Act reads into Act 35, Session Laws of 1909, mandatory direction to the board of immigration to construct fencing, water tanks, dwelling and out-buildings for homesteaders in the sum of \$500 each, up to a total expenditure of not less than \$100,000 per annum or more than \$250,000.

"We believe that underlying principle of assistance to homesteaders is sound, but that the method indicated by this bill is seriously at fault. It means, as set forth, the expenditure of not less than \$100,000 per year for two hundred unknown persons without any safeguarding of either their interest or the interest of the Territory. The terms of the act lack definiteness and detail and the opportunities for ill-considered use of public money are apparent.

"We firmly believe that homesteading should be encouraged to the utmost by the construction of roads, improvement of transportation facilities, advertisement and conduct of persons to available land, but finding that this act does not seem to be calculated to hasten location by homesteaders, we recommend that it be tabled."

WOULD SEND ALL THE OFFICERS POSSIBLE

A resolution was introduced in the house of representatives by Ed Fernandez yesterday relative to the request from the war department for the assignment of militia officers to witness the maneuvers along the Mexican frontier, which was referred to the military committee in the morning and reported back in the afternoon, after which action was deferred until today, mainly on the ground that the clause making known the "approval" of the President's action by the legislature was questioned as not being exactly proper.

As amended the resolution was made a concurrent one and is as follows: "Whereas, The situation on the Mexican frontier is such as to call forth a demonstration of American troops to protect American interests, and

"Whereas, The National Guard of Hawaii, through its Governor, is asked to send its officers to observe the military movements, and

"Whereas, The Territory of Hawaii is deeply concerned in the development and encouragement of the national guard, upon which it relies for protection therefore, be it

"Resolved, By the house of representatives of the legislature and the senate concurring, that this legislature of the Territory of Hawaii endorse the plan to send national guard officers to the Mexican frontier and urges that as full a quota be sent as possible; and be it further

"Resolved, That Hawaii, through its legislature, make known its approval of these measures to the President and the secretary of war."

JAPAN'S DESIRE FOR FOOTHOLD IN MEXICO BEING TALKED OF



TIA JUANA, LOWER CALIFORNIA.

This town has been threatened on several occasions by the rebel forces under General Leyva. Reinforcements for its garrison are now en route from Ensenada.

WILL BUILD FORT RUGER

CONSTRUCTING QUARTERMASTER
MAY START WORK IN A
FEW WEEKS.

With the arrival of Captain Edwards, constructing quartermaster, U. S. A., on the transport Logan next week, construction work will be commenced at Fort Ruger. This will be permanent work involving the erection of reinforced concrete quarters for officers and barracks for enlisted men.

Captain Edwards will be accompanied by a staff of men who have been at work under him on construction of this nature at other posts, and the work will therefore be in the hands of trained and experienced craftsmen.

There are several sets of quarters for officers and at least one large barracks, and possibly two, for enlisted men. The new buildings will replace the temporary structures now in the post. When completed, Fort Ruger will have a chance to develop as a model post. The model post of the Pacific is at present Fort Shafter.

GATHERING SUPPLIES FOR FOUR MONTHS

WAR DEPARTMENT EXPECTS TO
FEED ARMY DURING THAT
LENGTH OF TIME.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, March 11.—

The officials of the army quartermaster's office for the department of Texas has been ordered to secure four months' provisions for ten thousand men. This is taken as an indication of the length of time during which the war department expects to have to maintain an army in the field.

Marines Are Off.

MARE ISLAND, March 10.—Five hundred marines and 250,000 ball cartridges have been started for San Diego on the transport Buffalo. The cartridges will be distributed to troops in the field.

Seizing the Stragglers.

EL PASO, Texas, March 10.—Twenty insurgents, who crossed the line from Mexico into the United States today, were captured and disarmed by the American forces patrolling the border. No armed member of either side will be allowed to cross to American soil.

BIG EXPLOSION CAUSES DAMAGE AND INJURY

DOUGLAS, Wisconsin, March 10.—Through communication established today it is learned that as a result of the explosion of sixty tons of dynamite at Pleasant Prairie, \$100,000 damage to property was done, one person was killed and many seriously injured. Many private houses in the vicinity of the powder works were completely wrecked. Cattle were killed by the terrific shocks, but no record has been sent in.

Scores of doctors and trained nurses are now with the wounded.

PEACE MEASURES OBTAIN IN HONDURAS

PUERTO CORTEZ, March 10.—Peace has been established along the east coast for the time being, and the usual order of things is assuming shape.

JOBS RUN OUT WHEN THE MONEY IS PAU

The public works department has found it necessary to drop the harbor inspector, a janitor and several carpenters from its waterfront force. It is stated that a lack of funds is the reason for the laying off of these men, but it is expected that later, when more money is available, the men will be reinstated.

The removal of the harbor inspector leaves no one to watch the waterfront for the landing of the various sorts of freight that require the vigilance of such an inspector. It is thought by some of the discharged men that if the public works department wished it, money would be forthcoming to keep them in their positions.

COMMERCIAL BODY LISTENS TO TAFT

ATLANTA, March 10.—President Taft addressed the members of the commercial congress today.

LOCAL OFFICERS WAITING FOR FULL DETAILS OF TRIP

It was reported into last night that Colonel Jones, Colonel Coyne, Major Riley and Captain Kea are to be four of the six officers of the National Guard of Hawaii to be sent to observe the regular army maneuvers on the Mexican frontier.

Colonel Jones, adjutant-general of the National Guard of Hawaii, awaited further instructions from Washington yesterday relative to the number and selection of officers of the First Regiment, N. G. H., for service on the Mexican border, but received no further information.

He is officially unaware at present of the reason for mobilizing troops of the United States Army, or the call for militia officers, but is ready to carry out any instructions which the national government may order through Governor Frear.

Whatever the nature of the requirements of national guard officers on the border, Colonel Jones regards this as one of the greatest opportunities offered local militia officers to get first knowledge of field mobilizing and as an admittance to an advanced school of instruction where some of the things imparted to them last year by Colonel Bullard at the camp of instruction, established near Fort Shafter.

Colonel Jones has taken cognizance of the fact that even though officers be designated and ordered to the mainland there will be no regular passenger vessel leaving Honolulu until about March 24, and if the officers leave on that vessel they will not arrive in San Francisco until March 30, but within three or four days from that time they can be with the portion of the army occupying the borderline in southern California. In all likelihood the Hawaiian officers will be attached to the troops encamped near Tia Juana, near which the Thirtieth Infantry is stationed. The Thirtieth was sent south from the Presidio.

CHICAGO BUSINESS MEN NOT COMING

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)

Secretary Wood of the chamber of commerce received the following telegram yesterday morning from Chicago: "Oriental tour abandoned. Minnesota disabled."

"CHAMBER OF COMMERCE."

The big liner put back to Japan recently owing to an accident to her machinery. As she will not get back to the United States in time to prepare for the trip back, and as no other steamship was available for the excursion planned, the Chicago business men have had to give up their trip.

Secretary Wood stated yesterday that even with the other excursions from the Northwest all off, had the Minnesota come to Honolulu with the big crowd of Chicago business men booked, that one excursion would have rounded off the tourist season nicely. As it is, Honolulu, he says, loses an invaluable opportunity to welcome members of one of the most progressive business organizations in the United States and to derive the advertising advantages that such a visit would bring to Hawaii.

NOW EIGHT WEEKS AHEAD OF TIME

Work has progressed so rapidly on the Y. M. C. A. building that Contractor Chalmers is eight weeks ahead of his contract time. Next week the third and last story frame will be in place, and from the roof he will work down to the main floor.

The contractor is extremely pleased with the rapidity with which the work has gone forward, and he is certain that the building will be in readiness for occupancy some time before the date on which he is to deliver it to the association trustees. On October 1 the association expects to take up its work in the finished and furnished building.

The plumbing work is being rapidly installed in the building, and the contractor is allowing little time to go to waste.

Demonstration May Be Result of What Is Suspected.

Mexico Will Resent Any
Intervention, Says
Her Envoy.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—It is rumored here that the real object of the American demonstration of armed force on the Mexican border is to show Mexico that the United States will not permit the granting on the part of Mexico of any naval station privileges on the Pacific Coast to any power other than America.

Japanese Are Meant.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 11.—The rumor that it is the intention of Mexico to grant any concessions to the Japanese government in the way of privileges to establish a naval station in Lower California, or the privileges of transporting supplies over the Isthmian Railroad in time of war, is vigorously denied by Minister Criel of the department of foreign affairs. The minister declares that the rumor, said to be in circulation in Washington and believed to be the reason for the mobilization of the American army, is without foundation.

Mexico Resents Interference.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—That Mexico will resent the intervention of the United States, or any other country, in relation to the present revolution, on the plea that armed interference is necessary for the protection of the property or the persons of foreigners, is the statement plainly made last night by Ambassador de la Barra of Mexico. The envoy declares that Mexico herself is fully competent and willing to protect all interests within her boundaries, and neither desires nor will brook interference.

Looks Serious to London.

LONDON, March 11.—The concentration of an American army on the Mexican border is being watched here with the greatest official and public interest. It is generally regarded that the situation between the two countries must be very serious to call for such a demonstration.

The fact that the first movement of troops was executed on the intimation that Washington had to act to prevent British and German intervention in Mexico, and the official denials of this were made both here and in Berlin, adds to the interest in the alleged maneuvers.

Germany's Denial.

BERLIN, Germany, March 10.—It is officially stated here that Germany has not made representations to the United States, through its representatives at Washington, in regard to the protection of German subjects in Mexico. The official statement adds that Germany has not contemplated any action in the matter.

COMMITTEES REPORT SHOWS LOAN LIMIT

INTERESTING FIGURES ARE SUBMITTED REGARDING BONDING OF TERRITORY.

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)

The financial committee of the house of representatives, through Chairman Rice, yesterday submitted to the house a report on the assessed valuations of the Territory and the limit of the sums it is able to borrow through bonding under the present law, known as the loan act of 1903, limiting loans to a total of \$5,000,000.

Under the law proposed for the borrowing of one per cent. a year of the assessed valuation of the Territory, or a total not more than \$10,518,792, the Territory can borrow \$1,502,000 a year.

Following is the table of figures prepared by the committee, in connection with the bonding now before the house for consideration, and referred to the finance committee:

Assessed Valuations—Territory.		
Countries can borrow one per cent.		
Valuation. Can borrow.		
Oahu	\$ 75,493,570	\$ 754,000
Maua	28,071,665	280,000
Hawaii	30,928,541	309,000
Kauai	15,774,691	157,000

Total

Territory, 1 per cent. \$1,502,000
The Territory can borrow \$1,502,000 in one year.

On the above valuation the Territory may not borrow more than \$10,518,792 in the aggregate.
The Territory will owe on
June 30, 1911,

From this deduct

160,000

760,000

\$2,244,000

Under Loan Act (Act 42,
1903) the limit is

Deduct

\$1,756,000

This amount, \$1,756,000, can be provided for by the legislature without amending the Loan Act of 1903.

CONGRESS APPROPRIATED OVER ONE BILLION

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The total of appropriations passed by the sixty-first congress in the session just ended amounted to \$1,025,495,602.